

SOUTH DAKOTA SCHOOL OF MINES AND TECHNOLOGY
Department of Materials and Metallurgical Engineering

Met 422

Chapter 07 – Product Solution & Gr# Due 11:00 pm Nov 05

Submit to the Dropbox Named Homework 07

- 1) A 10-cm thick Al flat plate at 425 C is quenched in a room-temperature oil bath without agitation. How long will it take for the center of the plate to reach 200 C?
 $k_{Al} = 230 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$, $h = \text{see Table 8.1 (270 W/m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$, The thermal diffusivity of Al may be assumed to be $0.125 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$.
- 2) A long 10x20-cm Al bar at 425 C is quenched in a room-temperature oil bath without agitation. What temperature will the center of the bar reach after 5 minutes?
Use the thermal data given in Problem #1
- 3) A long 10x20-cm Al bar at 425 C is quenched in a room-temperature oil bath without agitation. What temperature will be reached after 3 minutes at center of the 10-cm thickness and 3 cm from the center in the 20-cm thickness?
Use the thermal data given in Problem #1
- 4) A long 10-cm diameter Al rod at 425 C is quenched in a room-temperature oil bath without agitation. What temperature will be reached after 4×72 seconds at center of the rod and 3 cm from its end? Use the thermal data given in Problem #1. Since dimensionless temperature in Figure 9.16 is the *compliment* of the dimensionless temperature in Figs. 9.8-10, use $(1-S)$ from figure 9.16 so that the temperature runs from 1 to 0 for the semi-infinite solution. That is, the product solution requires all dimensionless temperatures run from 1 at $t = 0$ to 0 at $t = \infty$.
- 5) A long 10-cm diameter Al rod at 425 C is quenched by natural convection in room-temperature air. What temperature will be reached after 10 minutes at center of the rod? Use Fig. 8.8 to get h .
 $k_{Al} = 230 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$, $\alpha_{Al} = 0.125 \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$, $h = \text{from Fig 8.8}$